



# Project 002 Ambient Conditions Corrections for Non-Volatile PM Emissions Measurements

# Missouri University of Science and Technology Aerodyne Research Inc.

# **Project Lead Investigator**

Philip D. Whitefield Professor and Department Chair Chemistry Missouri University of Science and Technology 142 Schrenk Hall, 400 W 11<sup>th</sup> Street, Rolla, MO 65409 573-341-4420 pwhite@mst.edu

# **University Participants**

#### Missouri University of Science and Technology

- P.I.(s): Philip D. Whitefield
- FAA Award Number: 13-C-AJFE-MST-002
- Period of Performance: 9.18.14 to 12.31.15
- Task(s):
  - Task 1 Ambient conditions corrections for nv PM
  - o Task 2

0

- (a) NARS Upgrade for gaseous emissions and smoke number
- (b) NARS Upgrade for Canadian electrical standards compliance
- Task 3 nv PM measurements at RR Indianapolis
- Task 4 nv PM measurements at P&W
- o Task 5 nv PM measurements at the VARIANT 2 Campaign
- o Task 6 nv PM measurements at Honeywell

# **Project Funding Level**

\$2,300,000.00 3rd Party FOCA Cost Share: \$2,300,000.00

# Investigation Team

Philip D. Whitefield Pl Donald E. Hagen Co-Pl Prem Lobo Co-Pl Richard Miake-Lye Co-Pl Max Trueblood Research Associate Steven Achteberg Research Associate

# **Project Overview**

The Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE) Aircraft Exhaust Emissions Measurement Committee (E-31) has published an Aerospace Information Report (AIR) 6241 detailing the sampling system for the measurement of non-volatile particulate matter (nvPM) from aircraft engines (SAE 2013). The system is designed to operate in parallel with existing International Civil

=/=



Aviation Organization (ICAO) Annex 16 compliant combustion gas sampling systems used for emissions certification from aircraft engines captured by conventional (Annex 16) gas sampling rakes (ICAO, 2008). The certification measurements of nvPM emissions will be performed using the SAE defined nvPM sampling system.

The Missouri University of Science and Technology (Missouri S&T) owns and operates the AIR6241 compliant, North American mobile reference system to measure nvPM emissions from the exhaust of aircraft engines. The nvPM system consists of three sections – collection, transfer, and measurement – connected in series (Figure 1). A description of each section is provided below.

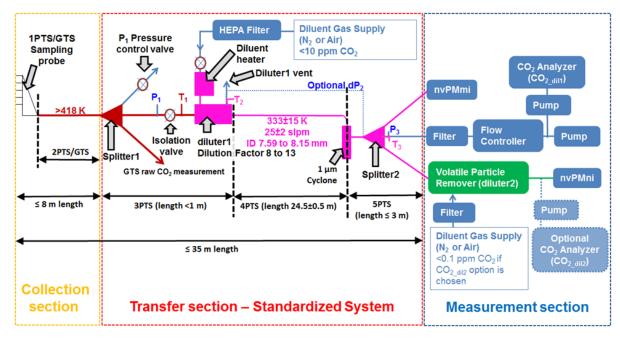


Figure 1: Components of an AIR6241 nvPM system

<u>Collection section</u>: The collection section consists of the probe rake system and up to 8m of stainless sample line heated to 160°C.

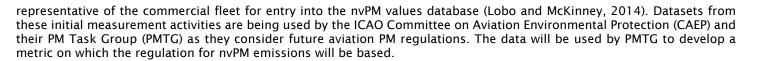
<u>Transfer section</u>: The transfer section consists of a three way sample splitter, a PM sample eductor/dilutor, flow controllers, and sample line heater controllers The first sub-component of the transfer section is a three way sample splitter which divides the total exhaust gas sample from the rake into three flow streams. The first is the required flow of exhaust for the Annex 16 combustion gas sample. The second is the PM sample and the third is an excess flow dump line controlled with a pressure relief valve. The PM sample is diluted by a factor 8-13 with dry nitrogen (heated to 60°C) by means of an eductor/dilutor. The diluted PM sample with a flow rate  $25 \pm 2$  SLPM is transferred by an electrically heated, temperature controlled conductive, grounded, carbon loaded PTFE PM sample transfer line 25m in length, maintained at 60°C to a 1µm cyclone and then a second three way splitter to direct the sample to the number and mass measurement devices in the measurement system.

<u>Measurement section</u>: The measurement section consists of a volatile particle remover and a particle number measurement device, a mass measurement device and a mass flow controller, pump and CO<sub>2</sub> detector as specified by AIR6241.

As part of evaluating the methodology and the robustness of the system described in AIR6241, the North American nvPM reference system has been deployed at several OEM facilities in North America (McCaldon, 2013; Lobo and Condevaux, 2014) as well as the SR Technics maintenance facility in Zurich, Switzerland (Lobo et al., 2015). These demonstration/intercomparison studies served to provide information regarding the variability of the individual sampling and measurement systems. Additional testing at OEM facilities has also be conducted to acquire QL2 data on a set of engines identified to be

=74=





# Task 1 Ambient conditions corrections for nv PM

Missouri University of Science and Technology

## **Objective(s)**

- 1. Conduct combustor rig testing to determine ambient condition corrections for non-volatile PM Emissions measurements
  - Perform combustor rig tests at GE Aviation facilities using an AIR6241 compliant Sampling System for the measurement of non-volatile PM (nvPM) emissions
  - Evaluate the influence of ambient conditions on PM production
  - Determine appropriate corrections to standard atmospheric conditions for aircraft nvPM

#### **Research Approach**

Missouri S&T and ARI will coordinate with GE Aviation to secure access to altitude test cells at which nvPM emissions can be acquired for varying ambient temperature, pressure, and relative humidity. To evaluate the effects of ambient conditions on PM production, a multi-sector combustor will be used as the PM emissions source.

Missouri S&T will work with GE Aviation to plan and prepare for the nvPM measurements in the altitude test cell. During the planning process, a detailed plan for the test will be developed in collaboration with the OEMs. The plan will include details of the sample extraction system, interfacing with the North American AlR6241 mobile reference system, simulating a range of ambient conditions for the test, measurement protocol, and data analysis. A site visit will also be undertaken as part of the planning process to have face-to-face discussions with the OEM facility engineers and technicians and also determine essential details regarding placement of sampling and measurement system, interfacing with existing probe-rake hardware, power and air requirements, etc.

After the test plan has been developed and approved, and a test window identified, Missouri S&T will begin preparation for deploying the system to the GE Aviation facility, including but not limited to, calibration of instruments, checkout of various system components, and preparing the system for transport. The nvPM system will be deployed alongside Annex 16 Volume II certification-grade gaseous and smoke measurement systems to obtain the full complement of gaseous and nvPM data.

The testing itself will be conducted in accordance with the test plan developed during the planning phase. Data for nvPM mass, number, and gaseous emissions and smoke number will be acquired for simulated ambient conditions spanning the full realistic parameter space using a multipoint probe similar to those used for gaseous emissions certification. The OEMs will be responsible for providing the probe system to be used for these tests. Following the test, the data will be analyzed and appropriate correlations will be developed for nvPM data acquired under different ambient conditions. A correction of nvPM data to standard atmospheric conditions will then be developed based on these correlations.

#### Milestone(s)

Project pending sub-contract negotiations with GEAE.

#### Major Accomplishments

None.

# Publications

None.

Outreach Efforts

None.





None

# Student Involvement

None

# Plans for Next Period

Upon successful completion of negotiations with GEAE a testing opportunity will be scheduled for Q1-2 2016.

# Task 2:

# (a) NARS Upgrade for gaseous emissions and smoke number(b) NARS Upgrade for Canadian electrical standards compliance

Missouri University of Science and Technology

## **Objective(s) and Research Approach**

Missouri S&T will procure a portable emissions cart designed for raw exhaust measurement for gaseous emissions such as NO/NOx, UHC, CO and  $CO_2$ . Figure 3 shows the portable unit and the analyzers available from California Analytical Instruments (CAI). OEMs such as GE, Pratt and Whitney, and Honeywell all use gaseous emissions analyzers manufactured by CAI during the emissions tests, including certification tests.



Figure 2: Portable emissions cart designed for raw exhaust measurement for engine gaseous emissions

Missouri S&T will also procure a smoke meter from Chell Instruments. Figure 4 shows a smoke meter manufactured by Chell Instruments. This smoke meter has also been used by Rolls-Royce, UK for emissions measurements.

=



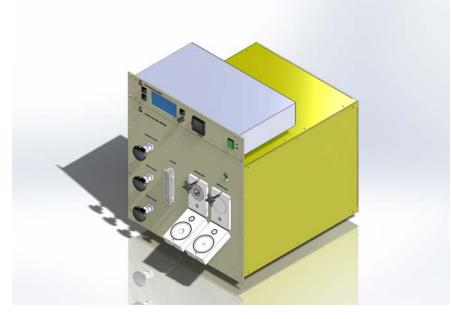


Figure 3: Smoke meter

At this time, the North American mobile reference system does not comply with the Canadian electrical standards. To gain approval for use in Canada, the system must pass a field evaluation (FE) performed by a third party recognized by ESA. This field evaluation will take place on location at Missouri S&T, and will necessitate paid travel and time of an ESA recognized inspector. The field evaluation process follows CSA SPE-1000 standard, which requires three mandatory tests; these tests are non-destructive and ensure the electrical safety requirements meet CEC standards and the equipment can be operated safely. During the field evaluation process, the Missouri S&T team will be provided documentation of failures, and will be required to make modifications as necessary. Once modifications are complete, inspections will resume until the field evaluator is satisfied and the North American mobile reference system is deemed electrically safe according to ESA and CEC standards. It is projected that a minimum of three trips will be required by an ESA recognized inspector: initial inspection with the Missouri S&T team and electrician to identify necessary upgrades, follow-up inspections to critique and further guide the Missouri S&T team and electrician, and final inspection. Once deemed safe, a serialized FE label must be put on each individual piece of equipment.

#### Milestone(s)

Orders have been placed for systems upgrade instrumentation delivery and integration anticipated Q4 2015. Canadian electrical standards upgrades have been implemented. Third party field evaluation anticipated Q4 2015

## **Major Accomplishments**

Anticipate successful completion of this task in Q4 2015.

#### **Publications**

None.

# **Outreach Efforts**

None.

<u>Awards</u>

None.





## **Student Involvement**

None

## Plans for Next Period

Include new diagnostic tools for gaseous emissions and smoke in planned measurement campaigns involving the NARS.

# Task 3 nv PM measurements at RR Indianapolis

Missouri University of Science and Technology

#### **Objective(s)**

To gather emissions data on a RR engine, an engine identified by PMTG for inclusion in their nvPM emissions database to develop a metric to regulate nvPM.

#### **Research Approach**

Missouri S&T will deploy the North American nvPM mobile reference system at an OEM facility (Rolls-Royce, Indianapolis, IN) to gather emissions data on the engine. This engine is a mixed turbo-fan engine and one that has been identified by PMTG for inclusion in their nvPM emissions database to develop a metric to regulate nvPM. The data from this test will also be valuable to the SAE E-31 committee as they draft a nvPM ARP.

Missouri S&T will work with Rolls-Royce to plan and prepare for the nvPM measurements. During the planning process, a detailed plan for the test will be developed in collaboration with Rolls-Royce. The plan will include details of the sample extraction system, interfacing with the North American nvPM mobile reference system, measurement protocol, and data analysis. Essential details regarding placement of sampling and measurement system, interfacing with existing probe-rake hardware, power and air requirements, etc. will also be discussed.

After the test plan has been developed and approved, and a test window identified, Missouri S&T will begin preparation for deploying the system to the Rolls-Royce facility in Indianapolis, including but not limited to, calibration of instruments, checkout of various system components, and preparing the system for transport. The nvPM system will be deployed alongside Annex 16 Volume II certification-grade gaseous and smoke measurement systems to obtain the full complement of gaseous and nvPM data.

The testing itself will be conducted in accordance with the test plan developed during the planning phase. Data for nvPM mass, number, and gaseous emissions and smoke number will be acquired for a range of engine power conditions, spanning the full realistic parameter space using a multipoint probe similar to those used for gaseous emissions certification. The OEMs will be responsible for providing the probe system to be used for these tests. Following the test, the data will be analyzed and reported.

## Milestone(s)

Task completed

#### **Major Accomplishments**

Measurements and analysis completed.

#### **Publications**

None.

#### Outreach Efforts

This test afforded RR-Indy testing personnel to experience firsthand the deployment of the NARS for nvPM emissions characterization.

#### <u>Awards</u>

None.

#### **Student Involvement**

₹₩₹



None.

# Plans for Next Period

None.

# Task 4 nv PM measurements at P&W

Missouri University of Science and Technology

#### **Objective(s)**

To gather emissions data on a P&W engine, an engine identified by PMTG for inclusion in their nvPM emissions database to develop a metric to regulate nvPM.

## **Research Approach**

Missouri S&T will deploy the North American nvPM mobile reference system at an OEM facility (Pratt and Whitney) to gather emissions data on the P&W engine. This engine has been identified by PMTG for inclusion in their nvPM emissions database to develop a metric to regulate nvPM. The data from this test will also be valuable to the SAE E-31 committee as they draft a nvPM ARP.

Missouri S&T will work with P&W to plan and prepare for the nvPM measurements. During the planning process, a detailed plan for the test will be developed in collaboration with P&W. The plan will include details of the sample extraction system, interfacing with the North American nvPM mobile reference system, measurement protocol, and data analysis. Essential details regarding placement of sampling and measurement system, interfacing with existing probe-rake hardware, power and air requirements, etc. will also be discussed.

After the test plan has been developed and approved, and a test window identified, Missouri S&T will begin preparation for deploying the system to the P&W facility in Connecticut, including but not limited to, calibration of instruments, checkout of various system components, and preparing the system for transport. The nvPM system will be deployed alongside Annex 16 Volume II certification-grade gaseous and smoke measurement systems to obtain the full complement of gaseous and nvPM data.

The testing itself will be conducted in accordance with the test plan developed during the planning phase. Data for nvPM mass, number, and gaseous emissions and smoke number will be acquired for a range of engine power conditions, spanning the full realistic parameter space using a multipoint probe similar to those used for gaseous emissions certification. The OEMs will be responsible for providing the probe system to be used for these tests. Following the test, the data will be analyzed and reported.

#### Milestone(s)

Test scheduled for Q4 2015/Q1 2016

#### Major Accomplishments

None

#### **Publications**

None.

#### Outreach Efforts

This test will afford P&W testing personnel the opportunity to experience firsthand the deployment of the NARS for nvPM emissions characterization and inter-compare their AIR compliant system with the NARS performance.

#### <u>Awards</u>

None.

## **Student Involvement**





None.

# Plans for Next Period

None.

# Task 5 nv PM measurements at the VARIANT 2 Campaign

Missouri University of Science and Technology

# **Objective(s)**

- a) Upgrade the measurement capability of the North American reference system to sample nvPM emission from mixed flow engines certified in the mixed flow configuration
- b) Participate in the VAriable Response In Aircraft nvPM Testing (VARIAnT) 2 campaign

## <u>Research Approach</u>

The VAriable Response In Aircraft nvPM Testing (VARIAnT) campaign was conducted in Aug/Sep 2014 to (1) better understand variability within a single measurement system versus the allowable range of operational parameters, (2) better understand variability between (two) measurement systems and (3) better define variability among instruments of the same and different types. The PM sources used during the study included a miniCAST burner and a small GE J-85 turbojet engine. The study concluded that the system specifications for the sampling system and number measurement instrument were sufficiently robust. In terms of the mass measurement instruments the LII was found to be consistently lower than the NIOSH 5040 EC concentration by ~20% while using the miniCAST as the source and ~40% on J-85 engine emissions.

A subsequent study – MANTRA (Mass Assessment of nvPM Technology Readiness for Aviation) was conducted during Dec 2014 – April 2015 to further explore the differences in mass concentration reported by LII to that of MSS and NIOSH using laboratory and gas turbine emission sources. The primary objective of this study was to investigate the calibration source criterion impact on differences observed between LII and MSS mass instruments when applied to aviation engine PM measurements. The data from this study is being processed and will be reported on during the SAE E-31 Annual meeting in June 2015.

The VAriable Response In Aircraft nvPM Testing (VARIANT) 2 campaign is currently scheduled for August 17-31, 2015 with a primary goal to determine the performance of the LII (with new firmware) and MSS using both miniCAST and gas turbine exhaust. This campaign will attempt to reproduce selected results from the MANTRA study with respect to both instrument performance and calibration protocol.

## Milestone(s)

Upgrade to NARS completed. The VARIAnT 2 campaign test plan has been developed, implemented and data acquisition completed.

#### Major Accomplishments

The data arising from this campaign is currently undergoing analysis by the participants with an anticipated release date in late October 2015. A Variant2 Data Workshop was held at the University of Minnesota Oct 1 and 2. A summary document was generated, and provided input to PMTG.

#### **Publications**

None

Outreach Efforts

None

<u>Awards</u>

None





## **Student Involvement**

None

## Plans for Next Period

The data arising from the measurement campaign will be used to assess the performance of the LII (with new firmware) and MSS using both miniCAST and gas turbine exhaust. Also an attempt to reproduce selected results from the MANTRA study with respect to both instrument performance and calibration protocol will be undertaken.

# Task 6 nv PM measurements at Honeywell

Missouri University of Science and Technology

# Objective(s)

- a) Conduct non-volatile PM Emissions measurements of a turbofan engine at Honeywell
- b) Validate ambient condition corrections for non-volatile PM Emissions measurements

#### Research Approach

Missouri S&T will deploy the North American nvPM mobile reference system at the Honeywell facility (Phoenix/San Tan, AZ) to gather emissions data on a mixed turbofan engine that has been identified by PMTG for inclusion in their nvPM emissions database to develop a metric to regulate nvPM. The data from this test will also be valuable to the SAE E-31 committee as they draft a nvPM ARP.

Missouri S&T will work with Honeywell to plan and prepare for the nvPM measurements. During the planning process, a detailed plan for the test will be developed in collaboration with Honeywell. The plan will include details of the sample extraction system, interfacing with the North American nvPM mobile reference system, measurement protocol, and data analysis. Essential details regarding placement of sampling and measurement system, interfacing with existing probe-rake hardware, power and air requirements, etc. will also be discussed. Honeywell will deploy their nvPM system in parallel and the data obtained will be used to compare the performance of the Honeywell nvPM system with the North American mobile reference system.

After the test plan has been developed and approved, and a test window identified, Missouri S&T will begin preparation for deploying the system to the Honeywell facility in Arizona, including but not limited to, calibration of instruments, checkout of various system components, and preparing the system for transport. The nvPM system will be deployed alongside Annex 16 Volume II certification-grade gaseous and smoke measurement systems to obtain the full complement of gaseous and nvPM data. In addition to measurements of nvPM number and mass-based emissions, ancillary instruments will also be deployed to characterize the nvPM in terms of particle size and composition.

All testing will be conducted in accordance with the test plan developed during the planning phase. Data for nvPM mass, number, and gaseous emissions and smoke number will be acquired for a range of engine power conditions, spanning the full realistic parameter space using a multipoint probe similar to those used for gaseous emissions certification. Honeywell will be responsible for providing the probe system to be used for these tests. Following the test, the data will be analyzed and reported.

As part of the standard setting process, corrections for measured nvPM emissions at various ambient conditions, similar to those employed for gaseous species, will need to be developed. Missouri S&T is currently working with GE Aviation conduct an nvPM emissions measurement campaign in an altitude test cell to acquire data that will be used to develop first order ambient conditions corrections of nvPM number- and mass-based emissions. These first order corrections will need to be validated in subsequent test to evaluate its applicability to a range of turbofan engines. Such validation is planned during the engine tests scheduled for Honeywell. Missouri S&T will review the Honeywell data and data from other engines tests conducted over a wide range of ambient conditions to validate the methodology and the model developed in previous campaign with GE Aviation.





# <u>Milestone(s)</u>

Test scheduled for Q4 2015

# **Major Accomplishments**

None

# **Publications**

None.

## **Outreach Efforts**

This test will afford Honeywell testing personnel the opportunity to experience firsthand the deployment of the NARS for nvPM emissions characterization and inter-compare their AIR compliant system with the NARS performance.

## <u>Awards</u>

None.

Student Involvement None.

# Plans for Next Period

None.

